FACT-FILE

Campus Crime Rates for 1979 Reported by FBI

Major offenses per 1,000 students at more than 270 colleges and universities

Following are campus crimes, per 1,000 full-time-equivalent students, reported to the Federal Bureau of Investigation in 1979 by campus police at more than 270 colleges, universities, and branches.

Violent crimes include murder, non-negligent manslaughter, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault. Property crimes include burglary, larceny, motor-vehicle theft, and arson.

	Rates per 1,000 students	
	Violent crimes	Property crimes
Alabama		
Auburn U.	0.4	40.2
U. of Alabama	1.2	54.3
Arizona		
Arizona State U.	0.1	28.6
Arizona Western C.	2.4	28.4
Central Arizona C.	0.0	12.7
Eastern Arizona C.	2.1	20.4
Northern Arizona U.	3.3	45.3
Pima Community C.	0.0	8.5
U. of Arizona	0.4	46.0
Yavapai College	0.6	22.1
Arkansas		
U. of Arkansas	1.6	28.3
California		
California State C.		
Bakersfield	0.9	18.8
Dominguez Hills	1.9	27.1
San Bernardino	0.0	17.5
Stanislaus	0.0	35.3
Cal. St. Polytechnic U.		
Pomona	0.3	19.0
San Luis Obispo	0.6	22.5
California State U.		
Chico	0.7	31.8
Fresno	0.4	21.3
Fullerton	0.4	18.1
Hayward	0.6	28.3
Long Beach	0.3	12.3
Sacramento	0.3	33.6
San Diego	0.4	32.5
San Francisco	0.9	28.0
San Jose	1.5	24.8
Humboldt State U.	0.3	21.4
Sonoma State C.	0.9	37.0
U. of California		
Berkeley	1.5	51.8
Davis	0.1	58.6
Irvine	0.6	37.5
Riverside	3.6	81.7
San Diego	1.3	79.1
Santa Barbara	2.1	50.2
Santa Cruz	0.0	63.8
Colorado		
Adams State C.	0.4	49.7
Colorado State U.	1.4	36.8
U. of Colorado		
Boulder	0.9	55.3
Colorado Springs	1.0	9.4
U. of Northern Colo.	0.6	40.1
U. of Southern Colo.	0.7	38.0
Connecticut		
Central Conn. State C.	1.7	18.0
E. Conn. State. C.	2.4	44.9
U. of Connecticut	0.9	46.8
Florida		
Florida A&M U.	4.8	34.1
Florida Atlantic U.	1.0	18.6
Florida International U.	0.4	21.6
Florida State U.	0.7	45.4
U. of Central Florida	0.1	9.8
U. of Florida	1.6	54.6
U. of North Florida	0.7	16.2
U. of South Florida	0.7	41.5
U. of West Florida	0.5	17.5
Georgia		
Columbus C.	0.0	0.5
Georgia Inst. of Technology	1.1	65.7
Georgia State U.	0.5	13.7
U. of Georgia	0.2	30.4
Valdosta State C.	0.0	24.1
West Georgia C.	1.5	50.1
Illinois		
Chicago State U.	1.5	21.4
Eastern Illinois U.	0.0	16.0
Governors State U.	0.9	46.9
Loyola U.	0.2	33.0
Moraine Valley C. C.	0.0	11.4
Morton C.	0.6	32.7
N.E. Ill. State C.	0.1	21.9
Northern Illinois U.	0.5	20.7

	Rates per 1,000 students	
	Violent crimes	Property crimes
Illinois—Continued		
Rock Valley C.	0.0	18.5
Sangamon State U.	0.5	31.9
Southern Illinois U.		
Carbondale	1.3	42.4
Edwardsville	3.0	32.1
Triton College	0.2	22.2
U. of Illinois	1.5	41.6
Western Illinois U.	0.5	35.6
Indiana		
Indiana U.		
Bloomington	0.8	50.0
South Bend	0.3	14.9
Iowa		
Iowa STate U.	0.0	35.0
U. of Iowa	0.6	44.5
Kansas		
Fort Hays State U.	0.0	15.8
Pittsburg State U.	0.7	35.6
U. of Kansas	0.5	36.2
Wichita State U.	0.8	19.8
Kentucky		
Eastern Kentucky U.	0.3	31.7
Morehead State U.	0.9	19.2
Murray State U.	0.0	14.1
N. Kentucky State U.	0.0	14.1
U. of Kentucky	0.8	48.4
U. of Louisville	1.1	45.0
Western Kentucky U.	1.3	36.0
Louisiana		
Louisiana State U.	0.8	40.0
S.E. Louisiana U.	0.2	32.9
Maine		
U. of Maine		
Orono	0.7	45.9
Maryland		
Bowie State C.	2.1	56.7
Frostburg State C.	0.6	31.3
Morgan State U.	2.5	41.2
Saint Mary's C.	0.8	41.6
Salisbury State C.	1.4	47.3
Towson State U.	2.2	45.7
U. of Baltimore	0.3	29.5
U. of Maryland		
Baltimore City	2.8	150.7
Baltimore County	0.2	65.5
College Park	1.5	46.1
Eastern Shore	3.9	78.7
Massachusetts		
Boston C.	1.8	33.9
Boston U.	1.5	35.1
Clark U.	1.9	50.1
Fitchburg State C.	1.4	28.0
Framington State C.	0.7	7.3
Mass. Institute of Technology	4.3	98.0
North Adams State C.	2.5	19.2
Northeastern U.	0.8	19.0
Tufts U.	2.0	44.3
U. of Massachusetts		
Amherst	1.0	47.4
Boston	1.4	36.0
Michigan		
Central Michigan U.	1.0	31.0
Delta C.	1.3	26.6
Eastern Michigan U.	1.3	45.0
Ferris State C.	0.7	37.4
Grand Valley State C.	0.0	7.7
Lansing Comm. C.	0.1	33.3
Michigan State U.	0.9	46.3
Michigan Tech. U.	0.3	21.7
Northern Michigan U.	0.9	46.2
Oakland U.	0.6	25.2
Saginaw Valley State C.	0.0	33.3
Western Michigan U.	0.9	48.9
Minnesota		
U. of Minnesota	0.2	31.3
Mississippi		
Mississippi State U.	0.0	27.6
U. of Mississippi	0.6	32.3
Missouri		
University of Missouri Columbia	0.4	44.8
University of Missouri St. Louis	0.0	18.1
Washington U.	0.4	32.8

	Rates per 1,000 students	
	Violent crimes	Property crimes
Nebraska		
U. of Nebraska Lincoln	0.3	36.0
Nevada		
U. of Nevada, Reno	0.8	47.9
New Hampshire		
U. of New Hampshire	1.6	41.1
New Jersey		
Brookdale Comm. C.	0.2	21.1
Burlington County C.	0.0	14.4
Glassboro State C.	0.1	28.5
Kean C.	0.3	13.5
Middlesex County	0.0	8.4
Monmouth C.	1.1	46.1
Montclair State C.	2.3	26.5
Rutgers U.	2.8	61.4
Stockton State C.	0.2	41.1
Trenton State C.	0.4	28.1
William Paterson C.	0.3	30.8
New Mexico		
N. M. Highlands U.	4.6	42.7
New Mexico State U.	1.3	32.8
U. of New Mexico	0.2	39.8
New York		
Cornell U.	0.3	53.2
Ithaca C.	1.1	80.7
Rensselaer Poly. Inst.	0.2	77.0
State U. of New York		
Albany	0.5	26.7
Binghamton	0.3	27.2
Buffalo	0.3	11.5
Downstate Medical Center	3.7	110.7
Maritime College	1.0	45.0
Stony Brook	0.5	21.7
Upstate Medical Center	3.5	153.2
State U. of New York A & T C.		
Alfred	0.0	48.8
Canton	0.4	58.8
Cobleskill	0.0	26.6
Delhi	0.0	44.5
Farmingdale	0.2	17.1
Morrisville	0.0	25.9
State U. of New York College		
Brockport	0.4	27.6
Buffalo	1.3	37.2
Cortland	0.0	26.5
Environmental Sci. and Forestry	0.6	24.5
Fredonia	0.7	28.1
Geneseo	0.0	44.3
New Paltz	0.6	34.4
Old Westbury	1.3	29.3
Oneonta	0.2	25.4
Optometry	0.0	27.9
Oswego	0.4	30.1
Plattsburgh	0.5	53.6
Potsdam	0.0	36.6
Purchase	0.0	63.7
Utica-Rome	0.0	18.8
North Carolina		
Appalachian State U.	0.5	22.2
East Carolina U.	0.3	38.5
U. of North Carolina Charlotte	0.7	35.0
Western Carolina U.	0.0	18.4
Ohio		
Cleveland State U.	1.2	30.4
Kent State U.	2.7	50.8
Lakeland Comm. C.	0.3	17.8
Miami U.	0.9	32.0
Ohio State U.	0.6	43.0
Wright State U.	0.1	32.0
Oklahoma		
N. E. Okla. State U.	2.4	31.7
Oklahoma State U.	0.7	27.1
U. of Oklahoma	2.4	40.2
Health Science Center	2.9	145
Oregon		
Oregon State U.	0.3	37.0
Pennsylvania		
Bloomsburg State C.	0.0	25.8
California State C.	0.0	1.4
Cheyney State C.	3.8	17.0
Clarion State C.	0.9	29.3
E. Stroudsburg State C.	0.9	38.7
Edinboro State C.	1.6	27.9
Indiana U.	0.8	38.0
Lock Haven State C.	1.7	32.4
Millersville State C.	1.0	31.5

	Rates per 1,000 students	
	Violent crimes	Property crimes
Pennsylvania—Continued		
Pennsylvania State U.		
Altoona	0.5	5.4
Behrend C.	1.8	43.5
Capitol	0.5	27.8
McKeesport	0.0	16.7
University Park	0.3	33.0
Seton Hill C.	0.0	19.5
Shippensburg State C.	0.0	22.1
Slippery Rock State C.	0.2	40.8
West Chester State C.	2.5	75.9
South Carolina		
Clemson U.	0.2	23.1
U. of South Carolina	0.8	43.0
Tennessee		
Austin Peay State U.	1.6	36.5
E. Tenn. State U.	0.8	20.7
Middle Tenn. State U.	0.4	27.4
Tenn. Tech. U.	0.3	34.8
U of Tennessee		
Knoxville	0.7	55.1
Martin	0.4	44.7
Memphis	2.4	84.4
Texas		
Baylor U.	0.3	20.6
Eastfield C.	0.0	27.7
East Texas State U.	0.2	16.1
Lamar U.	0.5	30.7
Midwestern State U.	0.3	20.7
North Texas State U.	0.3	17.4
Pan American U.	0.4	9.3
Southern Methodist U.	1.6	45.1
S.W. Texas State U.	0.5	23.4
Stephen F. Austin State U.	1.0	21.8
Sul Ross State U.	1.1	21.0
Texas A&M U.		
Main campus	0.1	33.4
Galveston	0.0	1.6
Texas Christian U.	0.8	35.2
Texas Technological U.	0.7	34.6
U. of Houston	1.6	30.0
U. of Texas		
Arlington	0.6	13.2
Austin	0.3	20.7
Dallas	0.0	13.1
El Paso	0.3	16.5
Galveston	3.9	73.1
Houston	1.8	118.7
Permian Basin	1.1	19.3
San Antonio	0.0	15.9
Health Science Center, San Antonio	0.5	41.4
Utah		
Brigham Young U.	0.4	29.1
U. of Utah	0.5	36.0
Weber State C.	0.5	27.2
Virginia		
C. of William and Mary	0.4	16.6
James Madison U.	0.1	22.8
Longwood C.	0.0	17.6
Mary Washington C.	0.0	39.5
Radford C.	0.0	17.8
U. of Richmond	0.3	96.2
U. of Virginia	0.5	49.1
Va. Commonwealth U.	0.6	59.5
Va. Polytechnic. Inst. and State U.	0.2	13.7
Washington		
Central Wash. St. C.	1.0	55.6
Washington State U.	0.3	39.1
West Virginia		
Glenville State C.	0.8	25.6
Marshall U.	1.8	30.1
Potomac State C.	0.0	7.6
West Liberty State C.	0.4	19.6
West Virginia State C.	0.0	7.1
West Virginia Inst of Technology	0.4	9.2
West Virginia U.	0.0	21.7
Wisconsin		
University of Wisconsin		
Eau Claire	0.0	26.9
Madison	0.2	38.7
Milwaukee	1.0	31.0
Oshkosh	2.0	30.1
Parkside	0.9	29.7
River Falls	0.0	26.0
Whitewater	0.5	24.4
Wyoming		
U. of Wyoming	0.2	32.6

SOURCE: FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION, UNIFORM CRIME REPORTS

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Dr. Ralph Lee Smith, Cable Television Consultant,
Author of *The Wired Nation*, The University of Texas at Arlington, March 6, 1980

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Foreign Students in U.S. Total 286,000; 35 Pct. from Iran, Other OPEC Countries

NEW YORK

More than 35 per cent of the 286,265 foreign students enrolled at American colleges and universities last year were from members of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries, according to the Institute for International Education.

In a preliminary report on its census of foreign students for 1979-80, the institute said that the number of such students, a record high, was up 8.5 per cent from 263,938 in 1978-79.

The institute said that 101,160 students from the oil-producing countries were enrolled in the U.S., 51,870 of them from Iran.

Students from Nigeria, Venezuela, and Saudi Arabia made up a majority of the remaining O.P.E.C. students.

The 1979-80 census also showed the following:

▶ That most foreign students were supported by their home governments or their families, rather than by U. S. sources. Only 18 per cent listed an American agency as their primary source of funds.

▶ That California has more foreign students—47,621—than any other state. Other states that have large foreign-student enrollments included Texas with 24,416 and New York with 23,539.

▶ That about 78,000 foreign students were enrolled in engineering programs, compared with 47,320 in business and management, 21,830 in the social sciences, and 21,570 in the natural sciences.

The complete results of the census will be published by the institute next spring.

Following are the 10 countries sending the most foreign students to the United States in 1979-80:

Iran	51,870
Taiwan	17,530
Nigeria	16,210
Canada	15,270
Japan	12,160
Venezuela	10,010
Saudi Arabia	9,730
Hong Kong	9,600
India	8,590
Thailand	8,500

Following are the top 10 institutions in foreign-student enrollment:

U. of Southern California	3,305
Los Angeles City College	3,000
Miami-Dade Community College	2,790
Texas Southern U.	2,585
U. of Texas, Austin	2,354
U. of Wisconsin, Madison	2,092
Columbia U.	2,037
U. of Michigan	1,941
U. of California, Los Angeles	1,907
U. of Washington	1,880

Oxford's Magdalen College *Continued from Page 17*

toration, Magdalen is not a poor college.

Its wealth is reflected in the number of faculty fellows it supports and in its teaching arrangements, which permit most undergraduates to work with individual tutors.

But the hunt for money is on, and Mr. Griffin's American attitude is a factor. He himself plays down his nationality and says that he soon will acquire British citizenship—a move that will put him in line for senior government advisory jobs and possibly for the vice-chancellorship of Oxford, the university's top administrative post.

Nonetheless, he admits that his American contacts will be valuable and he has already made plans for the "American Friends of Magdalen," an incorporated trust that will try to raise money in the United States.

He has begun a worldwide fund-raising campaign among Magdalen alumni—a standard procedure at American institutions but considered quite innovative in Great Britain.

Although Mr. Griffin is still a young man, he has already found a permanent place in the college's history. As the restoration on Magdalen's chapel, built between 1474 and 1480, proceeded, stonemasons were faced with a problem: how to replace the weathered gargoyles and grinning medieval imps that decorated the balustrade.

Their solution was to model the visages of present-day fellows and college employees. There, third from the right at the High Street end of the chapel, is the face of Mr. Griffin.

42 Elected to Institute of Medicine; Membership Now Totals 399

WASHINGTON

Forty-two new members have been elected to the Institute of Medicine, which was established in 1970 by the National Academy of Sciences "for the examination of policy matters pertaining to the health of the public." The total active membership is now 399. In addition, seven persons were elected to senior membership, for a total of 105. The newly elected members:

Linda H. Aiken, assistant vice-president, Robert Wood Johnson Foundation.
Samuel P. Asper, deputy executive vice-president, American College of Physicians.
Jack D. Barchas, professor of psychiatry and behavioral sciences, Stanford U.
William Bevan, provost, Duke U.
Mark S. Blumberg, corporate planning adviser, Kaiser Foundation Health Plan (Oakland, Cal.).
Alexander M. Capron, President's Commission for the Study of Ethical Problems in Medicine and Biomedical and Behavioral Research.
David R. Challoner, dean and professor of medicine, Saint Louis University.
Thomas W. Clarkson, professor of radiation biology and toxicology, U. of Rochester.
Linda Hewes Clever, chairman of occupational health, Presbyterian Hospital of Pacific Medical Center (San Francisco).
James A. Clifton, professor of medicine, U. of Iowa.
D. Walter Cohen, dean of dental medicine, U. of Pennsylvania.
Ernest G. Cravalho, associate director of the college of health sciences, technology, and management, Massachusetts Institute of Technology.
Edgar G. Davis, vice-president for corporate affairs, Eli Lilly and Company (Indianapolis).
Floyd W. Denny, professor and chairman of pediatrics, U. of North Carolina at Chapel Hill.
Daniel D. Federman, dean for students and alumni and professor of medicine, Harvard U.
Maurice S. Fox, professor of biology, Massachusetts Institute of Technology.
Charles Fried, professor of law, Harvard U.
Harold S. Ginsberg, professor and chairman of microbiology, College of Physicians and Surgeons of Columbia U.
J. Thomas Grayston, vice-president for health sciences, U. of Washington.
Marie-Louise Johnson, director of medical education and vice-president for medical affairs, Benedictine Hospital (Kingston, R.I.).
Stanley B. Jones, vice-president, National Association of Blue Cross-Blue Shield Plans (Washington).
Albert R. Jonsen, professor of bio-ethics, U. of California at San Francisco.
Barbara M. Korsch, attending physician, Children's Hospital of Los Angeles.
Richard M. Krause, director, National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases.
Robert I. Levy, director, National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute.
Leah M. Lowenstein, associate dean of the school of medicine, Boston U.
Ida M. Sather Martinson, director of research in the school of nursing, U. of Minnesota.
Charles A. McCallum, vice-president for health affairs, U. of Alabama at Birmingham.
Thomas C. Merigan, professor of medicine and chairman of infectious diseases, Stanford U.
C. Arden Miller, professor and chairman of maternal and child health, U. of North Carolina at Chapel Hill.
Richard J. Reitemeier, professor of medicine, Mayo Graduate School of Medicine and Mayo Clinic.
Clayton Rich, provost, U. of Oklahoma Health Sciences Center.
William C. Richardson, associate dean of the school of public health and community medicine, U. of Washington.
Barbara G. Rosencrantz, professor of the history of science, Harvard U.
Edward Rubenstein, associate dean of postgraduate medical education, Stanford U.
Jay P. Sanford, dean of the school of medicine, Uniformed Services University of the Health Sciences.
Thomas C. Schelling, professor of political economy, Harvard U.
Aaron Shirley, physician, Jackson, Miss.
Robert B. Talley, physician, Stockton, Cal.
Alvin R. Tarlov, professor and chairman of internal medicine, U. of Chicago.
Joseph V. Terenzio, president, United Hospital Fund of New York.
Irwin M. Weinstein, physician, Beverly Hills, Cal.

The following were elected to senior membership:

Konrad E. Bloch, professor of chemistry, Harvard U.
Kenneth M. Brinkhous, professor of pathology, U. of North Carolina at Chapel Hill.
James M. Dunning, professor of dental medicine, Harvard U.
John S. Millis, Cleveland Heights, Ohio.
Norton Nelson, professor of environmental medicine, New York U.
Charles E. Odegaard, president emeritus, U. of Washington.
Robert F. Rushmer, professor of bio-engineering and director of the center for advanced studies in the biomedical sciences, U. of Washington.

In Brief *Continued from Page 2*

the trustees had signed the collective-bargaining agreement, which gives the "final determination in such matters" to the college presidents, they had only a *"pro forma"* role in approving the decisions.

■ Notes

Tulane University last week formally opened an institute devoted to research and publication in political economy. . . . The University of Minnesota has filed suit in a state court to require that a collective-bargaining election at the university's Duluth campus be conducted by mail rather than by on-site voting.

■ Corrections

▶ In a brief review of *Teaching Science Fiction: Education for Tomorrow* (Owlswick Press, 1980) in the September 15 issue of *The Chronicle*, Mark Hillegas was incorrectly identified as having taught an innovative science-fiction course at Cornell University in 1962. In fact, Mr. Hillegas taught that course at Colgate University.

▶ A Fact-File on statewide agencies in the September 22 issue of *The Chronicle* incorrectly identified H. Edwin Young as president of the University of Wisconsin System. Robert M. O'Neil is the new president.

NOTE

ONLY THE FOLLOWING PAGES OF THIS PUBLICATION

HAVE BEEN FILMED

p. 1, 10.